

## **FIRST ENGLISH EXAM**

Recently, technology has been developing. Therefore, schools should obey modern world's rule. Most people use computer instead of book. They prefer computer because today all documents and data are written on computer especially internet. People share their countless source by using internet. Books are read in the internet. All of this, shows that computers and internet are treasure for students.

However, what about people who don't access to a computer at home? Learning using ordinary text books is better for them since computers can be difficult to understand and even more difficult to use. Books are much simpler because all you have to do is turn a page. Books may have the upper hand due to their reliability for educational purposes.

### **Questions :**

#### **Part 1 :**

- 1) Skim through the text and give a suitable title?
- 2) Scan the text and answer the following questions :
  - a) What are the references mentioned in the text that help people learn? Is one of them sufficient to achieve this target?
  - b) What does the writer compare the computer with?
  - c) Does the simplicity in using books the only reason for students to rely on?
- 3) Find in the text the opposites of the following words :
  - a) Happening long ago, b) uncommon, c) refuse, d) lower

#### **Part 2 :**

- 1) Give the plurals of the following nouns :
  - a) stratum, b) stimulus, c) axis of rotation, d) device
- 2) Rewrite sentence (b) so that it means the same as sentence (a)
  - a) The commission gave the winners office computers.
  - b) .....
- 3) Name to which part of speech (word class) do the **underlined** words belong :
  - a) I have **enough** time. b) He didn't run fast **enough**.
  - c) Who is walking **behind** ? d) The sun is **behind** the clouds.
- 4) Supply apostrophes, punctuation and capitals where necessary :
  - a) http www oup co uk
  - b) if you keep calm take your time concentrate and think ahead then you're likely to pass your test



### Part 3 :

#### Activity 1 :

1) The following five sentences, labelled **A to E**.

A) My only friend drew picture of the child yesterday.

B) My friend drew only the picture of the child yesterday.

C) My friend drew the only picture of the child yesterday.

D) My friend drew the picture of the only child yesterday.

E) My friend drew the picture of the child only yesterday.

Fill in the blanks with the letter **A to E** which corresponds to the sentence above which has the same meaning :

1)..... : My friend drew the one existing picture of the child yesterday.

2)..... : My friend drew nothing except the picture of the child yesterday.

3)..... : My friend drew the picture of the child as short a time ago as yesterday.

4)..... : The one friend that I have drew the picture of the child yesterday.

5)..... : My friend drew the picture of the one child in the family yesterday.

#### Activity 2 :

Arrange the adjectives in the correct order :

a) computer(Japanese,powerful,business,this)

b) designers(young,two,industrials,creative)

c) equations(mathematical,difficult,long)

d) files(graphic,several,accessible,her)

e) pass word(specific,anonymous,smart,my)



## Answers:

### Part I:

- 1) Suitable title: Computer Vs books. (0,5)
- 2) a) The references mentioned in the text that help people learn are: Computers (internet), books. (0,5)
- No, it isn't because we can't neglect one of them. (0,5)
- b) The writer compare the computer with book. (0,5)
- c) No, it isn't because books have the upper hand due to their reliability for educational purposes and are available for everyone. (0,5)
- 3) Opposites: Happening long ago  $\neq$  recently (0,5)
- Uncommon  $\neq$  ordinary (0,5)
- refuse  $\neq$  obey (0,5) or
- lower  $\neq$  upper (0,5)

### Part II:

- 1) Plurals: - stratum = strata. (0,25)
- or - stimulus = stimuli (0,25)
- axis of rotation = axes of rotation. (0,25)
- device = devices. (0,25)

### 2) The passive voice:

- a) The commission gave the winners office computers.
- b) The winners were given office computers by the commission. (01)



3) Part of speech (word class) 01

a) enough = adjective (0,1) / b) enough = adverb. (0,1)

c) behind = adverb (0,1) / d) behind = preposition. (0,1)

4) Punctuations, Capitals:

a) http://www.oup.co.uk 0,1

b) If you keep calm, take your time, concentrate and think ahead, then you're likely to pass your test. (1)

Part III:

Act I.

1 → C

2 → B

3 → E

4 → A

5 → D

(0,1)

Act II:

Adjective order:

a) this powerful Japanese business computer.

b) Two young creative industrial designers.

c) Long difficult mathematical equations. (0,1)

d) Her several accessible graphic files.

e) My specific smart anonymous password!